

GREAT HOLIDAY SALE

Coats, Suits, Dresses

Fairly good range of sizes and colors. All new this season's styles. Just what you will want for Holiday wear. Note the great reduction in price for this sale.

SUITS

\$45.00 Suits For	\$35.75
\$37.75 Suit For	29.75
\$33.75 Suit For	25.75
\$29.75 Suit For	22.75
\$26.75 Suits For	21.75
\$23.75 Suits For	19.75
\$22.50 Suits For	16.75

Others Cheaper

COATS

\$27.75 Coat For	\$21.85
\$23.75 Coat For	19.75
\$19.75 Coat For	14.75
\$12.85 Coat For	9.85
\$11.75 Coat For	8.75

Others Cheaper

Dresses

\$33.75 Dresses For	\$27.75
\$26.75 Dresses For	21.75
\$23.75 Dresses For	19.75
\$19.75 Dresses For	16.75

Others For Less Money

Millinery

\$5.50 Hats For	\$3.25
\$3.50 Hats For	2.36
\$2.50 Hats For	1.66
\$1.75 Hats For	1.16
\$1.25	.86c

Big Assortment of Feathers, Ornaments, and Trimmings at Greatly Reduced Prices.

See Our Beautiful Line of CREPE DE CHINE AND DAINY NAIN-SOOK UNDERWEAR. LADIES GEORGETTE, CREPE DE CHINE AND ORGANDE WAISTS. HOSIERY, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS, ETC.

QUARLES & SADLER
Dry Goods Co.

Funeral of Max Haile Held At Cookeville.

The funeral of Max. M. Haile, which was held at Cookeville last Saturday afternoon, was one of the most impressive and largely attended in the history of that city. The remains arrived Friday and were to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Haile, in East Cookeville.

Funeral services were held at the Methodist Church, conducted by the Pastor, Rev. A. P. Walker, assisted by the other pastors of Cookeville. Beautiful and feeling eulogies on the life and character of the deceased were delivered by Prof. T. K. Sisk and Judge Sam Edwards. Many beautiful floral designs attested the popularity of the deceased, and the was embanked with flowers. Following the service at the church the remains were interred in the Cookeville Cemetery.

Max M. Haile was 23 years old, and a most capable and promising young man. He resigned a clerkship in the Cookeville postoffice and enlisted in the navy about one year ago. He died at sea on a hospital ship, to which he had been transferred from the battleship Mississippi, following an operation for appendicitis.

He was a young man of exemplary character and was an active member of the Methodist Church.

Cadet Stone, of the battleship Mississippi, accompanied the remains and brought with him a testimonial from the comrades of the deceased, eulogizing his character and expressing their grief and condolence. This message was read at the funeral service.

The deceased is a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Haile of Flynn's Creek, and Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Morgan of Gainesboro, R-2. His boyhood days were spent in Gainesboro, and his many friends here were deeply grieved over his untimely death.

A number of his friends and relative from this place attended the funeral.

Mrs. B. E. Meadows, died at her home on Flynn's creek, Sunday, Nov. 24th, of influenza. Interment in Richmond Cemetery, services conducted by Marion Keith. A husband and several children are left to mourn her loss.

Mrs. Sam Sliger, age 70, died at home of her daughter's, Mrs. Ollie Crabtree, two mile west of town, Tuesday Nov. 26, of pneumonia. The remains were carried to her home in the 10th. district for interment. She is survived by a husband and several children.

Mrs. Martha M. Norton, age 64 years, died at the home of her nephew, W. N. Norton, Nov. 25th, and was buried next day in the Darwin Cemetery in White's Bend. Services conducted by U. T. Brown. She was a member of the Christian church and is survived by a number of relatives.

M. J. Dixon is in receipt of a letter from A. P. Smith, of Okla. telling that his son Tom L. was killed in action on French soil, October 17th. He was born in this county, and has a number of relatives here whom he visited last summer.

There is a difference between thankful and having a good time. One can enjoy an elaborate dinner and the meetin of friends without any uplift of the heart to the Giver of all good. Make thanksgiving more than a jolly day of festivity and good cheer and friendly companionship. Put a side a portion of it for real thanksgiving to him to whom your thanks are due.

WORLD RELIEF WEEK STARTS DECEMBER 1

Food Administration Arranges a New Program, Which Is Brought About By the Cessation of Hostilities in Europe.

Nashville.—At the conference, of county food administrators and members of the staff of the federal food administration of Tennessee, held in Nashville last week, the new program for the food administration area up with Mr. Hoover at the Washington conference was given out.

This program provides that during the week beginning Nov. 25, the county food administrators will hold conferences with speakers and war workers in their several counties for the purpose of acquainting them with the new program brought about as the result of the cessation of hostilities. This message, it is planned, will be conveyed to the general public during world relief week, to be universally observed in this country during the week beginning Dec. 1.

On Sunday, Dec. 1, a message from Mr. Hoover will be read in every public and Sunday school in the state. These messages are being mailed out direct from the federal food administration to every Sunday school superintendent and church pastor in the state. It includes a large number of copies are being direct to the county food administrators for distribution.

During the following week this message will be read in every fraternal organization, church and commercial business club of the state.

In this week it is also planned to have public meetings under the direction of the county food administrators so that the conservation message can go directly to the people of the home. All of the women's clubs of the state are asked to set apart Wednesday, December 4, for a special conservation service at which the obligation of the United States to feed the starving people of the allied countries will be set forth.

In order that the children may be reached and through them the conservation message be carried directly to all of the homes Friday, December 5, will be set apart for special exercises in every school in the state. Programs for the observance of this occasion have been sent to every school in the state directly from Washington. It is expected that the teachers will devote at least one hour during the day to the program.

The school program will be under the direction of Prof. Albert S. Williams, state high school inspector, who is also the school representative of the food administration of Tennessee. Prof. Williams has sent a letter to every county and city superintendent in the state asking cooperation in this important work.

At the conference here Dr. Morgan, the federal food administrator of Tennessee, stated that in view of changed conditions brought about by the cessation of hostilities there would necessarily be some alterations in the food program. But he made it plain that there would be great suffering among the liberated peoples of Europe unless the people of America continued to supply ever increasing amounts of essential foodstuffs. Due to the increased tonnage available for its transportation the sugar situation is greatly improved and if the European nations continue on their present meagre sugar rations it will not be long before the people of this country will be able to obtain nearly their normal ration of sugar. In any event it is not expected to be less than four pounds per capita per month, which will be the allowance beginning on December 1.

Since the wheat supplies of the Southern Hemisphere will again be available, there will now be sufficient wheat, if used in moderation, for the people of this country and of Europe, and hence there is no longer any necessity for continuing the wheat substitute program. But there is a real shortage of animal and vegetable fats, and the utmost economy must be practiced in the use of pork and fats. There is likewise a scarcity of protein stock feeds and this in turn has caused a tremendous shortage of dairy products. The people will, therefore, have to continue to economize in the use of all dairy products, butter, cheese and milk. In Europe the herds have been sadly depleted and there is not sufficient fat for the little children. Only by practicing economy will there be a sufficient supply of beef. General conservation along all lines, the elimination of waste and the practice of the clean plate was earnestly urged by Dr. Morgan. He warned the members of the conference that their tasks were not yet complete, and that it would probably be found that other changes would have to be made in the program during the course of the next two or three months. Dr. Morgan spoke of the sacrifices made by the food administrators, thanking them for what they had done to win the war.

This was the first conference of all the county food administrators ever held in Tennessee. Heretofore the administrators have been called to meet either in divisional or direct meetings. Much interest was manifested and the meeting was a very enthusiastic one.

WHITLEYVILLE R. 1.

Ruby Hawkins and Verda Spivey visited G B Langford.

Flossie Hawkins and Ethel Proctor visited Jonas Spivey Thursday.

Albert Moss and Frank Rogers have the measles.

Everett Poteet and wife spent the week with Sam Poteet and family.

A telegram came that Buford Clark was killed October 17th.

we sure did hate to hear it.

Henry Johnson visited W B. Hawkins Thursday.

Hess Lawless and son visited W-R Hawkins.

Mrs. Lou Spivey visited Jim Adecock Sunday.

The little child of Tom Cherry's that died of flu, was buried at the Hix cemetery one day last week.

REVIEW OF WORLD WAR.

A complete review of the war is given on the last page of the Sentinel this week. Don't fail to read it.

Welfare Workers Serve Soldiers During Epidemic

Men in Quarantine During "Flu" Soared Succored By Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, War Camp Community Service, American Library Association And Other Organizations

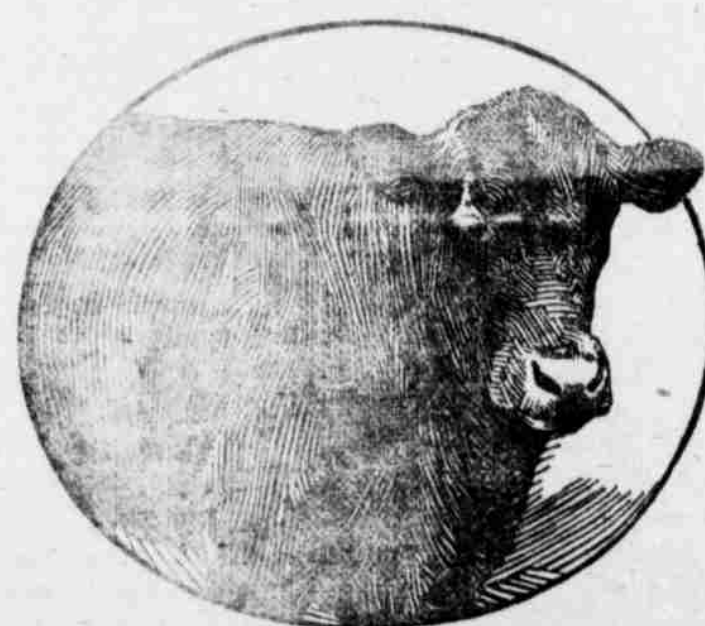
When the Spanish "flu" hit Camp Gordon the Y. M. C. A. women workers found themselves pressed into service as seamstresses turning out "flu" masks of gauze for the soldiers. Orders were issued by General Sage, commanding officer at the camp, that every trooper should wear a "flu" mask whether at drill, or enjoying a much needed rest. The result was that thousands of masks were in demand and every woman who could ply a needle was pressed into service.

The "Y" women, recent arrivals at camp, were busy in the huts, did sewing, washing and bandaging of

the masks were turned out as the result of their efforts.

The "flu" epidemic forced the closing of all Y. M. C. A. huts, Knights of Columbus recreation halls, camp theatres and Jewish Welfare establishments closed, but out-door entertainments were staged to serve the men quarantined in camp. Those convalescent in the barracks were also given the benefit of this service.

The advent of women secretaries at the Red Triangle huts has proved a decided sensation among the troops, and they are quick to express their satisfaction at the innovation. The women workers release men for service in the barracks and assume the duties of the troop secretaries at the huts.



What Determines Meat and Live-Stock Prices?

Some stock men still think that Swift & Company—and other big packers—can pay as little for live-stock as they wish.

Some consumers are still led to believe that the packers can charge as much for dressed meat as they wish.

This is not true. These prices are fixed by a law of human nature as old as human nature itself—the law of supply and demand.

When more people want meat than there is meat to be had, the scramble along the line to get it for them sends prices up. When there is more meat than there are people who want it, the scramble all along the line to get rid of it within a few days, while it is still fresh, sends prices down.

When prices of meat go up, Swift & Company not only can pay the producer more, but has to pay him more, or some other packer will.

Similarly, when prices recede all down the line Swift & Company cannot continue to pay the producer the same prices as before, and still remain in the packing business.

All the packer can do is to keep the expense of turning stock into meat at a minimum, so that the consumer can get as much as possible for his money, and the producer as much as possible for his live-stock.

Thanks to its splendid plants, modern methods, branch houses, car routes, fleet of refrigerator cars, experience and organization, Swift & Company is able to pay for live cattle 90 per cent of what it receives for beef and by-products, and to cover expense of production and distribution, as well as its profit (a small fraction of a cent per pound), out of the other 10 per cent.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

